Food and Drug Administration, HHS

- (b) Sponsor. See No. 000010 i §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §§ 556.200 and 556.510 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. Dairy cows—(1) Amount. One syringe into each quarter at the last milking prior to drying off.
- (2) Indications for use. Intramammary treatment of subclinical mastitis in dairy cows at the time of drying off, specifically against infections caused by Staphylococcus aureus and Streptococcus agalactiae.
- (3) Limitations. Not to be used within 6 weeks of calving. For use in dry cows only. Milk taken from cows within 24 hours (2 milkings) after calving must not be used for food. Animals infused with this drug must not be slaughtered for food within 60 days of treatment nor within 24 hours after calving.

[57 FR 37336, Aug. 18, 1992]

§ 526.1696c Penicillin G procaine-dihydrostreptomycin sulfate for intramammary infusion (dry cows).

- (a) Specifications. Each 10 milliliters of suspension contains penicillin G procaine equivalent to 1 million units of penicillin G and dihydrostreptomycin sulfate equivalent to 1 gram of dihydrostreptomycin.
- (b) Sponsor. See No. 033392 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §§ 556.200 and 556.510 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use. Dairy cows—(1) Amount. One syringe per quarter at the last milking prior to drying off.
- (2) Indications for use. Intramammary use to reduce the frequency of existing infection and to prevent new infections with Staphylococcus aureus in dry cows.
- (3) Limitations. Not to be used within 6 weeks of freshening. Not for use in lactating cows. Milk taken from animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after calving must not be used for feed. Animals infused with this drug must not be slaughtered for food within 60 days from the time of infusion nor within 96 hours after calving. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[57 FR 37336, Aug. 18, 1992; 57 FR 42623, Sept. 15, 1992]

§ 526.1696d Penicillin G procainenovobiocin for intramammary infusion.

- (a) Specifications. For lactating cattle: each 10-milliliter dose contains 100,000 units of penicillin G procaine and 150 milligrams of novobiocin as novobiocin sodium. For dry cows: 200,000 units of penicillin G procaine and 400 milligrams of novobiocin as novobiocin sodium.
- (b) *Sponsor*. See No. 000009 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Conditions of use—(1) Lactating cows—(i) Amount. 10 milliliters in each infected quarter after milking. Repeat once after 24 hours.
- (ii) Indications for use. Treating lactating cows for mastitis caused by susceptible strains of Staphylococus aureus, Streptococcus agalactiae, Streptococcus dysgalactiae, and Streptococcus uberis.
- (iii) Limitations. For udder instillation in lactating cattle only. Do not milk for at least 6 hours after treatment; thereafter, milk at regular intervals. Milk taken from treated animals within 72 hours (6 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food. Treated animals must not be slaughtered for food for 15 days following the latest treatment. If redness, swelling, or abnormal milk persists, discontinue use and consult a veterinarian.
- (2) Dry cows—(i) Amount. 10 milliliters in each quarter at time of drying off.
- (ii) Indications for use. Treatment of subclinical mastitis caused by susceptible strains of Staphylococcus aureus and Streptococcus agalactiae.
- (iii) Limitations. For udder instillation in dry cows only. Do not use less than 30 days prior to calving. Milk from treated cows must not be used for food during the first 72 hours after calving. Treated animals must not be slaughtered for food for 30 days following udder infusion.

[57 FR 37336, Aug. 18, 1992; 57 FR 42623, Sept. 15, 1992]

§ 526.1810 Pirlimycin.

(a) Specifications. Each 10-milliliter syringe contains 50 milligrams (mg) pirlimycin (as pirlimycin hydrochloride).

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- (b) *Sponsor*. See No. 000009 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.
- (c) Related tolerances. See §556.515 of this chapter.
- (d) Conditions of use in cattle—(1) Amount. Infuse 50 mg into each infected quarter. Repeat treatment after 24 hours. Daily treatment may be repeated at 24-hour intervals for up to 8 consecutive days.
- (2) Indications for use. For the treatment of clinical and subclinical mastitis in lactating dairy cattle associated with Staphylococcus species such as Staphylococcus aureus and Streptococcus species such as Streptococcus agalactiae, Streptococcus dysgalactiae, and Streptococcus uberis.
- (3) Limitations. Milk taken from animals during treatment and for 36 hours following the last treatment must not be used for food regardless of treatment duration. Following infusion twice at a 24-hour interval, treated animals must not be slaughtered for 9 days. Following any extended duration of therapy (infusion longer than twice at a 24-hour interval, up to 8 consecutive days), animals must not be slaughtered for 21 days. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[58 FR 58486, Nov. 2, 1993, as amended at 65 FR 61091, Oct. 16, 2000; 73 FR 811, Jan. 4, 2008]

PART 528—NEW ANIMAL DRUGS IN GENETICALLY ENGINEERED ANIMALS

AUTHORITY: 21 U.S.C. 360b.

Source: 74 FR 6823, Feb. 11, 2009, unless otherwise noted.

§528.1070 Bc6 recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid construct.

(a) Specifications and indications for use. Five copies of a human Bc6 recombinant deoxyribonucleic acid (rDNA) construct located at the GTC 155-92 site in a specific hemizygous diploid line of dairy breeds of domestic goats (Capra aegagrus hircus) directing the expression of the human gene for antithrombin (which is intended for the treatment of humans) in the mammary gland of goats derived from lineage progenitor 155-92.

- (b) Sponsor. See No. 042976 in §510.600 of this chapter.
- (c) *Limitations*. Food or feed from GTC-155-92 goats is not permitted in the food or feed supply.

PART 529—CERTAIN OTHER DOS-AGE FORM NEW ANIMAL DRUGS

Sec.

529.40 Albuterol.

529.56 Amikacin.

529.400 Chlorhexidine tablets and suspension.

529.536 Detomidine.

529.1030 Formalin.

529.1044 Gentamicin sulfate in certain other dosage forms.

529.1044a Gentamicin sulfate intrauterine solution.

529.1044b Gentamicin sulfate solution.

529.1115 Halothane.

529.1150 Hydrogen peroxide.

529.1186 Isoflurane.

529.1350 Meloxicam.

 $529.1660\quad Oxy tetracycline.$

529.1940 Progesterone intravaginal inserts.

529.2150 Sevoflurane.

529.2464 Ticarcillin powder. 529.2503 Tricaine methanesulfonate.

529.2620 Triptorelin.

AUTHORITY: 21 U.S.C. 360b.

SOURCE: 40 FR 13881, Mar. 27, 1975, unless otherwise noted.

§ 529.40 Albuterol.

- (a) Specifications. A net weight of 6.7 grams of formulated albuterol sulfate is supplied in a pressurized aluminum canister within an actuator system equipped with a detachable nasal delivery bulb.
- (b) *Approvals*. See No. 000010 in §510.600(c) of this chapter for uses as in paragraph (d) of this section.
- (c) Special considerations. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.
- (d) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. Each valve actuation (puff) of the device delivers 120 micrograms (mcg) of albuterol sulfate. One dose is three (3) puffs, totaling 360 mcg.
- (2) Indications for use. For the immediate relief of bronchospasm and bronchoconstriction associated with reversible airway obstruction in horses.